# **LACSI Management and ASC Impact**

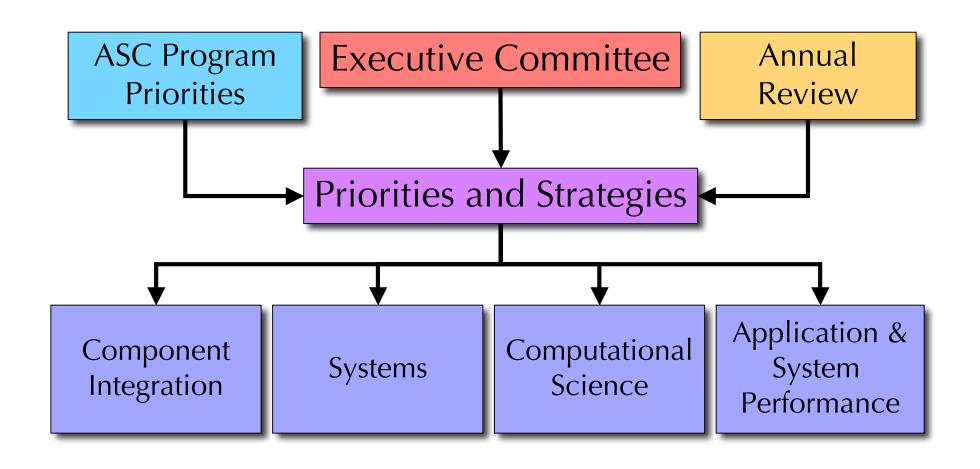
### **Review**

Ken Kennedy
Rice University
LACSI Co-Director

http://lacsi.rice.edu/review/slides\_2006/



# **LACSI Structure and Organization**



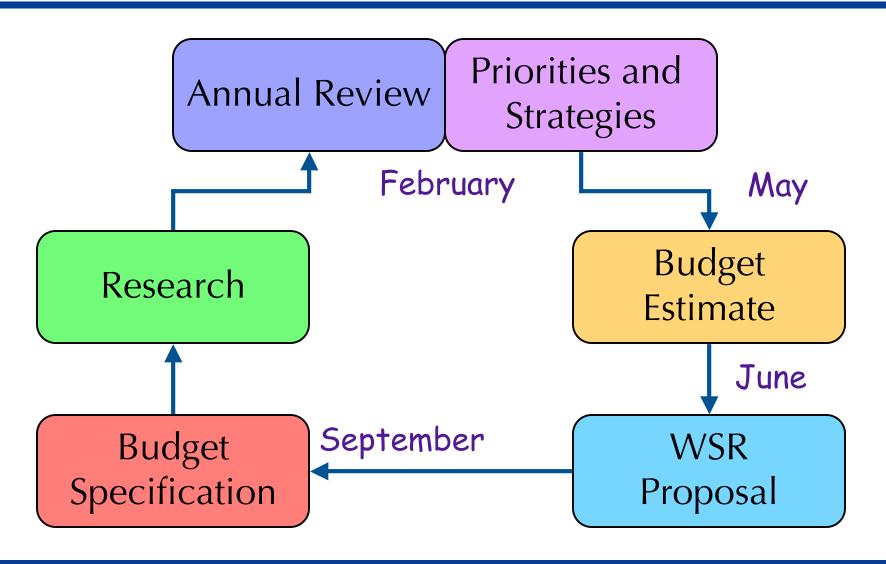


### Leadership

- Co- Directors
  - —Andy White (Los Alamos) & Ken Kennedy (Rice)
- Executive Committee
  - —LANL: Jeff Brown, Bill Feiereisen, Adolfy Hoisie, Doug Kothe, Rod Oldehoeft, John Thorp, Andy White
  - -Rice: Rob Fowler, Ken Kennedy, John Mellor-Crummey, Linda Torczon
  - -Houston: Lennart Johnsson, Yuri Kuznetsov
  - —New Mexico: Deepak Kapur
  - -North Carolina: Dan Reed
  - -Tennessee: Jack Dongarra



# **New Annual Planning Cycle**





# **New Review Strategy**

- Establish LACSI Review Board (LRB)
  - Include LANL and ASC stakeholders (ASC application developers, computer and computational scientists)
  - **—External reviewers with multi-year terms**
- Combine annual review by LRB with P&S meeting
  - —Schedule LRB review on the day before the P&S meeting
  - —Outbrief with Executive Committee and formal report
- Use outcome of review as input to P&S planning meeting
  - -P&S document becomes proposal for the next year's funding
    - Direct input into academic SOW and LANL ASC IP
- Maintain multi-year stability of projects
  - -Phase out unsuccessful projects after 2 or 3 years
  - —Intermediate reviews provide constructive criticism



# **Priorities and Strategies Meeting**

### FY06 Attendees (held Feb 2005):

— Marv Alme, Jeff Brown, John Cerutti, Darren Kerbyson, Ken Koch, Stephen Lee, Craig Rasmussen, Bill Feiereisen, Rich Graham, Adolfy Hoisie, Chip Kent, Darren Kerbyson, Brett Kettering, Doug Kothe, Rod Oldehoeft, Scott Pakin, Susan Post, Mikhail Shashkov, John Thorp, Greg Watson, Andy White, Zoran Budimlic, Mike Fagan, Rob Fowler, Ken Kennedy, John Mellor-Crummey, Dan Sorensen, Linda Torczon, Deepak Kapur, Barney Maccabe, Jack Dongarra, Lennart Johnsson, Yuri Kuznetsov, Dan Reed, Scott Rixner

### Typical Agenda

- Review of previous year's P&S plan
- Discussion in plenary session
- Break into discussion groups for developing plans for the next year
  - Application and System Performance, Components, Systems, Computational Science
- Presentation of revised plans with discussion in plenary session
- Document developed by email after the meeting



### Concerns

### Budget Issues

- —Continuing trend of budget reductions
- —No funded LANL participants
- —Unclear how WSR will treat the program this year
  - More, smaller proposals
  - Will we lose integrated planning advantages?

#### Collaboration Issues

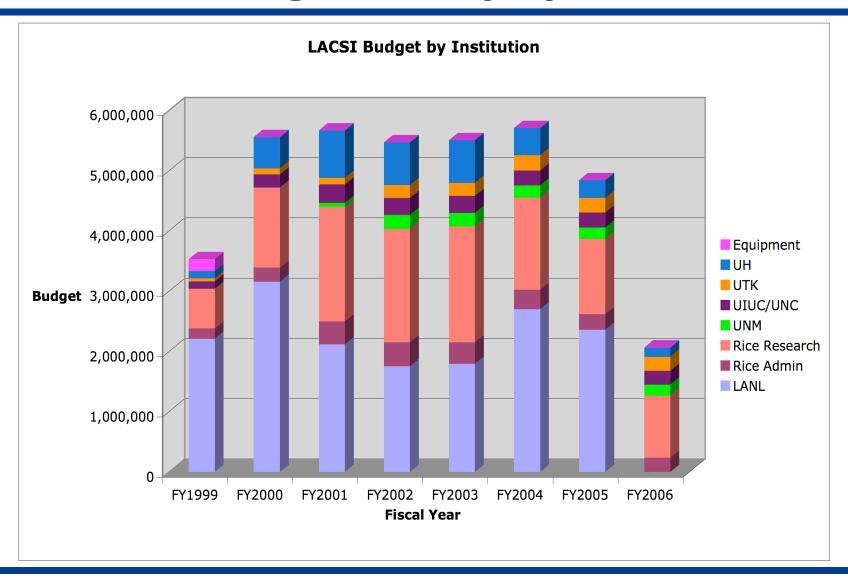
- -Research should be driven by real LANL applications
  - Easier when we have more Q-cleared researchers
  - We also need to streamline methods for getting access to exportrestricted codes
- —Getting attention of application developers is sometimes tricky

### Contracting difficulties

—Working on a no-cost extension from FY05 (soon to be funded?)

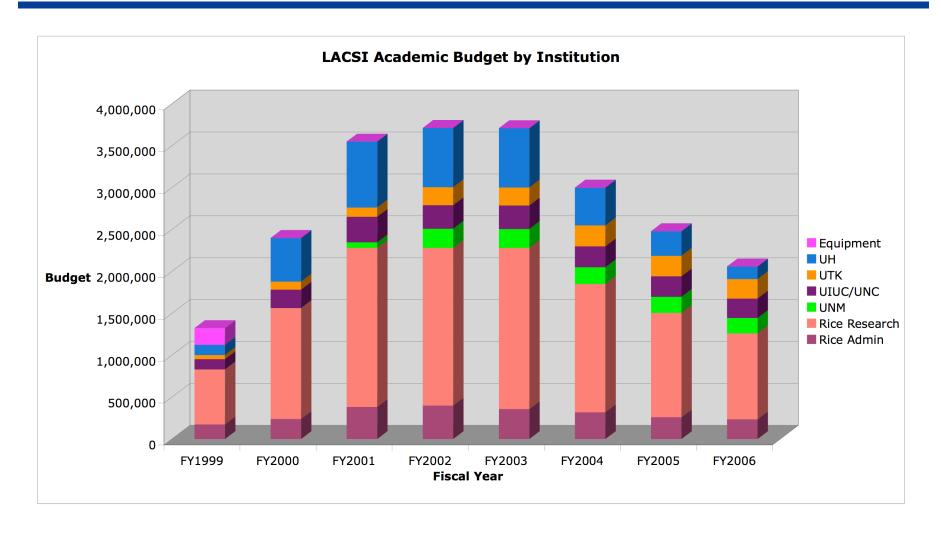


# **LACSI Budget History by Institution**





# **LACSI Academic Budget History**





# **LACSI Budget History**

	FY1999	FY2000	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	FY2006
LANL	2206	3152	2113	1750	1791	2700	2357	0
Rice Admin	175	239	383	400	358	320	260	237
Rice Research	656	1324	1899	1881	1923	1530	1245	1024
UNM	0	0	65	228	225	200	192	183
UIUC/UNC	122	221	307	282	282	250	245	233
UTK	50	96	110	215	215	250	245	233
UH	122	520	787	707	707	450	293	150
Equipment	198	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Rice+Subs	1324	2400	3550	3713	3709	3000	2480	2060
Total	3530	5552	5663	5463	5500	5700	4837	2060

Table elements in K\$



# Other Management Challenges

- Enhancing collaboration
  - —We understand what works: direct interaction
  - -How can we foster more of this?
  - —Santa Fe Information Technology lab would be Plan A
    - We are currently engaged in Plan B
    - What incentives are needed on the LANL side?
- Enhancing visibility within LANL
  - Not enough LANL staffers know about LACSI
    - No tangible point of presence
- Applicability: Bringing research (more directly) to bear on ASC problems
  - —The problem of classified codes versus sanitized benchmarks
    - More sanitized codes (and data), more cleared academic researchers



### **Process for Deployment**

- This is difficult, systemic problem that transcends ASC and LANL
  - —Not enough resources in research to support deployment
  - Not enough production resources to move all universally accepted research prototypes into production
- There have been successes, as well as frustrations
  - **—LACSI** cannot solve this problem by itself
  - —We will continue to try to bring the parties together



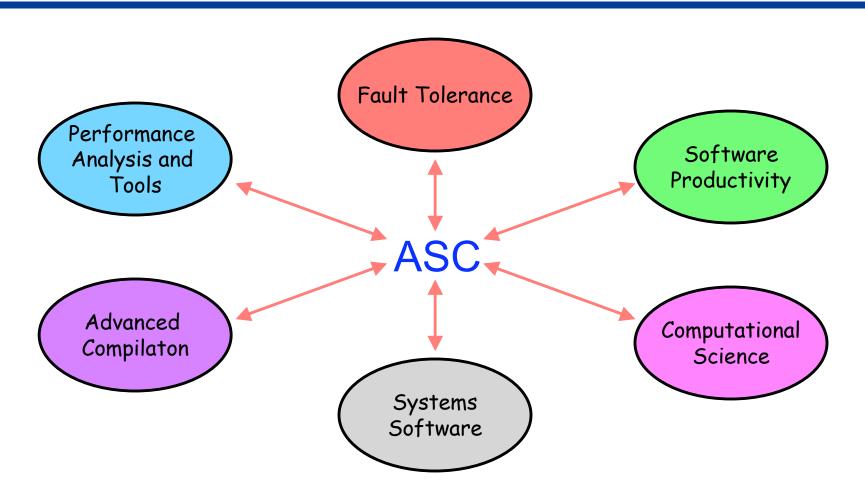
# Impact of LACSI Research

**On Advanced Simulation and Computing** 

**Ken Kennedy Rice University** 



# **ASC Impact**





### **HPCToolkit**

- Long-term compiler and architecture research requires detailed performance understanding
  - —identify sources of performance bottlenecks in complex applications
  - discover automatic strategies for performance improvement
- Short-term result: Programmer-accessible tools for understanding application performance
- HPCToolkit installed and used on ASC systems at LANL
  - —Nirvana/Blue Mountain, Q, Lightning (Clustermatic)
- Conducted performance tuning workshops at LANL
  - —Project A, Project B, Telluride, MCNP, Blanca teams
- Used to assess FLAG for ASC Burn Code review in 2003
- Applied to two X-Division codes
- Enhancements for cumulative call-graph profiling and monitoring of memory management underway



# **Tuning of Codes**

### Sage

- -Elimination of unnecessary copying: 2x on Blue Mountain, 1.5x on Q
- —New sparse matrix representation (not integrated): 2x on Itanium

### Sweep3D

-Memory hierarchy transformations: 1.44x on Alpha, 1.9x on Origin

#### Blanca

- —Algorithms for reordering vertex lists:  $O(n^2) \rightarrow O(n \log n)$ 
  - 26x on the 5-level refinement case

#### CHAD

- Reordering of accesses to irregular mesh based on space-filling curves: 2x improvement over random ordering
- —Better scalarization of F90 array accesses: reduced memory traffic by 40%



### **Performance Prediction**

### Application Modeling

- —Run SAGE and Sweep3D on single processor ⇒
  - Performance prediction of LANL workload on parallel processor
  - Improved performance on Q by 2x
- —But what if you cannot run these applications?
  - Processor not available (being designed, ...)
- Single-node Cross-architecture Performance Prediction
  - Predict the performance of known applications on an arbitrary processor
  - Extends Capability of LANL Performance Analysis Methodology

### Currently

- Working with Olaf Lubeck to explore the impact of memory latency on the performance of ASC codes
- Also looking at dual-core performance prediction



### Performance API and Multicore Algorithms

#### PAPI

- —Software layer that provides tool designers and application developers with an interface to performance counters
- Extending to look at off processor counters
  - Network interfaces (Myrinet, GigE, Infiniband)
  - Thermal and power interfaces

### Multicore Algorithms

- -Future supercomputers will all use multicore chips
  - Challenges: managing memory hierarchy, potential floating point precision, multithreaded execution

#### -Research:

- Recursive data layout to achieve better use of bandwidth and minimize data movement in all levels of memory hierarchy
- Using lower precision and judicious use of higher precision to achieve full precision results (e.g., on Cell)



### **Fault Tolerance**

- ASC is using systems of the highest scale and complexity
  - Every order of magnitude brings unexpected challenges
  - —Greatest emerging challenge is reliability and resilience
- Research Approaches:
  - Quantifying current system reliability (answer: not good)
    - fault injection
  - —Intelligent monitoring for fault anticipation and detection
    - HAPI
  - Dynamic adaptation for resilient operation
    - Autopilot, Open MPI, fault-tolerant algorithms
  - Temperature and power management for reliable execution (FIT) and bounded resource consumption
  - AMPL Toolkit for low-overhead scalable measurement of very large systems
- Goal: Effective operation of systems with 10K–100K processors



# **System Software**

- System software a limiting factor for ultra-scale systems
  - -System services can limit application scalability
  - Inherent reliability/performance tradeoffs
  - —System management costs
- Research
  - —Clustermatic
    - Now in production at LANL, other LACSI sites, the world ...
  - -Open MPI
    - Added support for Infiniband (300 percent reduction in memory usage over MVAPICH)
  - —Validation of message-centric monitoring approach
  - —TCP scalability: model partial offload
  - System software monitoring
- Goal: Effective system software for future-scale systems



### Compiler Support for Parallel Languages

- Today: Computing on fragmented address spaces with MPI
- Enormous burden on application developer
  - Choose granularity of parallelism
  - Partition application data structures and computation
  - Add data movement and synchronization
  - Manage storage for non-local data
  - Developer responsible for all optimization of communication
    - latency tolerance: overlapping communication with computation
- Implications
  - Granularity choices are hard-coded into program
  - Hard to tailor for different architectures, e.g. vector vs. clusters
- This can be avoided by distribution based programming
  - HPF, Chapel, other HPCS languages (and scripting languages!)
  - Rice compiler technology within 10 percent of MPI efficiency on NAS SP, BT
- Goal: ease burden of scalable parallel programming



# **Higher-level Programming Models**

 Most important barrier to progress on application development in the ASC program is limited human productivity

#### Goals:

- —Simplify programming of parallel systems
- —Make applications more malleable
- Enhance performance portability
- Support rapid prototyping

### Research strategies:

- —Compiler and run-time technology for data parallel languages
- —Compilation of high-level scripting languages (Python, Matlab,...)
  - Augmented with domain-specific component libraries
  - Parallel Matlab implementation underway using data parallel support
- High level prototyping frameworks



# **Open Source Compilers**

- DOE Interest
  - Porting legacy Fortran codes to new platforms
  - —Concerns: single front-end, compatibility/portability across platforms
- GCC lacks capabilities for optimizing scientific programs
- Possible Replacements
  - —Open64/ORC is a strong candidate
  - LLVM is another candidate
- Mellor-Crummey leading the Open64 consolidation effort
- Cooper is involved in LLVM effort
- We are proposing an Institute to manage compiler-based opensource software for high performance computing
  - -DOE Office of Science



# **Software Productivity**

- Component-based software development is a key strategy for improving productivity of ASC application development teams
- Compiler Optimization of Object-Oriented Languages
  - Rice effort focused on aspects unique to scientific computing
    - Object inlining of arrays of objects
  - —JaMake infrastructure: 1.8x improvement on Parsek
  - —Usable for C++ and Python
  - -Investigation of application to Ajax initiated
- Component Integration
  - -Refocused goal to make component-based software more efficient
    - Precompilation of component libraries to improve performance of fine grained components
- Automatic Tuning of Components
  - —Combining fusion (essential for F90) with cache tiling using models
  - Initiated community building effort



### **Computational Science**

#### Automatic Differentiation

- —Computing sensitivities of codes to various input parameters
- Important for analysis of numerical accuracy (critical to V&V)
  - Active collaboration with several LANL users
- —Extended to Fortran 90 this year
  - Applying to Truchas and to FLAG

#### Advanced Diffusion Methods

- Yuri Kuznetsov (Houston) collaborates with LANL researchers in T-Division and CCS-Division, and one of his students is a staff member, another is a postdoctoral fellow at LANL
- He recently conceived of a fundamentally new approach for solving the diffusion equation on general polyhedral meshes
  - This approach was refined by LANL researchers and implemented in a test code
  - The resulting method represents a genuine breakthrough
- —Implemented in FLAG (parallel version also developed)



# **Impact Summary**

- LACSI is working on problems that are critical to the future of ASC applications
  - -As observed in the 2004 review
- LACSI researchers have changed directions in response to ASC program needs
- Several intermediate results of LACSI research have had immediate impact
  - HPCToolkit, PAPI, polyhedral mesh diffusion methods, tuning of ASC codes

